SYLLABUS

EE3202PC: Power Electronics

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Prerequisites: Analog Electronics, Digital Electronics.

Course Objectives:

- To Design/develop suitable power converter for efficient control or conversion of power in drive applications
- To Design / develop suitable power converter for efficient transmission and utilization of power in power system applications.

Course Outcomes: Students will be able to

- Apply the basic operation and characteristics of various power semiconductor devices and intelligent power module.
- Design AC/DC rectifier circuit
- Evaluate chopper circuits
- Examine three phase inverter circuits
- Create AC voltage controller circuits

UNIT-I

Power Switching Devices:

Concept of power electronics, scope and applications, types of power converters; Power semiconductor switches and their V-I characteristics - Power Diodes, Power BJT, SCR, Power MOSFET, Power IGBT; Thyristor ratings and protection, Series and parallel connections of SCRs, Two transistor analogy of SCR, methods of SCR commutation, UJT as a trigger source, gate drive circuits for BJT and MOSFETs.

UNIT-II

AC-DC Converters(Phase Controlled Rectifiers):

Principles of single-phase fullycontrolled converter with R, RL, and RLE load, Principles of single-phase half-controlled converter with RL and RLE load, Principles of three-phase fully-controlled converter operation with RLE load, Effect of load and source inductances, General idea of gating circuits, Single phase and Three phase dual converters.

UNIT-III

DC-DC Converters (Chopper/SMPS):

Introduction, elementary chopper with an active switch and diode, concepts of duty ratio, average inductor voltage, average capacitor current. Buck converter -Power circuit, analysis and waveform at steady state, duty ratio control of output voltage. Boost converter - Power circuit, analysis and

waveforms at steady state, relation between duty ratio and average output voltage. Buck-Boost converter-Power circuit, analysis and waveforms at steady state, relation between duty ratio and average output voltage

UNIT-IV

AC-DC Inverters:

Introduction, principle of operation, performance parameters, single phase bridge inverters with R, RL loads, 3-phase bridge inverters - 120- and 180- degrees mode of operation, Voltage control of single-phase inverters—single pulse width modulation, multiple pulse width modulation, sinusoidal pulse width modulation.

UNIT-V

AC-AC Converters:

Phase Controller (AC Voltage Regulator) - Introduction, modes of operation of Triac, principle of operation of single-phase voltage controllers for R, R-L loads and its applications. Cyclo-converter-Principle of operation of single phase cyclo-converters, relevant waveforms, circulating current mode of operation, Advantages and disadvantages.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. M. H. Rashid, "Power electronics: circuits, devices, and applications", Pearson Education India, 2009.
- 2. N. Mohan and T. M. Undeland, "Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. R. W. Erickson and D. Maksimovic, "Fundamentals of Power Electronics" Springer Science &Business Media, 2007.
- 2. L. Umanand, "Power Electronics: Essentials and Applications", Wiley India, 2009.